

104TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 102

Concerning the emancipation of the Iranian Baha'i community.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 20, 1995

Mr. PORTER (for himself, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. HYDE, and Mr. HOYER) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Concerning the emancipation of the Iranian Baha'i community.

Whereas in 1982, 1984, 1988, 1990, 1992, and 1994 the Congress, by concurrent resolution, declared that it holds the Government of Iran responsible for upholding the rights of all its nationals, including members of the Baha'i Faith, Iran's largest religious minority;

Whereas the Congress has deplored the Government of Iran's religious persecution of the Baha'i community in such resolutions and in numerous other appeals, and has condemned Iran's execution of more than 200 Baha'is and the imprisonment of thousands of others solely on account of their religious beliefs;

Whereas the Government of Iran continues to deny individual Baha'is access to higher education and government employment and denies recognition and religious rights to the Baha'i community, according to the policy set forth in a confidential Iranian Government document which was revealed by the United Nations Commission on Human Rights in 1993;

Whereas all Baha'i community properties in Iran have been confiscated by the government and Iranian Baha'is are not permitted to elect their leaders, organize as a community, operate religious schools or conduct other religious community activities guaranteed by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; and

Whereas on February 22, 1993, the United Nations Commission on Human Rights published a formerly confidential Iranian Government document that constitutes a blueprint for the destruction of the Baha'i community and reveals that these repressive actions are the result of a deliberate policy designed and approved by the highest officials of the Government of Iran: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring), That the Congress—*

3 (1) continues to hold the Government of Iran
4 responsible for upholding the rights of all its nation-
5 als, including members of the Baha'i community, in
6 a manner consistent with Iran's obligations under
7 the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and
8 other international agreements guaranteeing the civil
9 and political rights of its citizens;

1 (2) condemns the repressive anti-Baha'i policies
2 and actions of the Government of Iran, including the
3 denial of legal recognition to the Baha'i community
4 and the basic rights to organize, elect its leaders,
5 educate its youth, and conduct the normal activities
6 of a law-abiding religious community;

7 (3) expresses concern that individual Baha'is
8 continue to suffer from severely repressive and dis-
9 criminatory government actions, solely on account of
10 their religion;

11 (4) urges the Government of Iran to extend to
12 the Baha'i community the rights guaranteed by the
13 Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the
14 international covenants of human rights, including
15 the freedom of thought, conscience, and religion, and
16 equal protection of the law; and

17 (5) calls upon the President to continue—

18 (A) to assert the United States Govern-
19 ment's concern regarding Iran's violations of
20 the rights of its citizens, including members of
21 the Baha'i community, along with expressions
22 of its concern regarding the Iranian Govern-
23 ment's support for international terrorism and
24 its efforts to acquire weapons of mass destruc-
25 tion;

1 (B) to emphasize that the United States
2 regards the human rights practices of the Gov-
3 ernment of Iran, particularly its treatment of
4 the Baha'i community and other religious mi-
5 norities, as a significant factor in the develop-
6 ment of the United States Government's rela-
7 tions with the Government of Iran;

8 (C) to urge the Government of Iran to
9 emancipate the Baha'i community by granting
10 those rights guaranteed by the Universal Dec-
11 laration of Human Rights and the international
12 covenants on human rights; and

13 (D) to encourage other governments to
14 continue to appeal to the Government of Iran,
15 and to cooperate with other governments and
16 international organizations, including the Unit-
17 ed Nations and its agencies, in efforts to pro-
18 tect the religious rights of the Baha'is and
19 other minorities through joint appeals to the
20 Government of Iran and through other appro-
21 priate actions.

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